MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") dated May 26, 2015, of the financial condition and the results of operations of Anterra Energy Inc. ('Anterra" or the "Company") for the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim financial statements for the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 and the audited consolidated financial statements and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Non-IFRS Measures

This MD&A makes reference to terms commonly used in the petroleum and natural gas industry including funds from operations, funds from operations per share, netback and net debt. Such terms do not have a standard meaning as prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and therefore may not be comparable with the determination of similar measures for other entities. These measures are identified as non-GAAP measures and are used by management to analyze operating performance and leverage. The Company's method of calculating non-GAAP measures utilized is outlined in conjunction with their presentation within the MD&A. These measures should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful, than cash flow from/used in operating activities or net income (loss) as determined in accordance with IFRS.

BOE Presentation

Production volumes and reserves are commonly expressed on a barrel of oil equivalent ("boe") basis whereby natural gas volumes are converted at the ratio of six thousand cubic feet of gas equal to one barrel of oil, based on an energy equivalency at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Used in isolation, barrels of oil equivalent may be misleading.

Forward-Looking Information

Certain information in this MD&A constitutes forward-looking statements or information (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. In particular, forward-looking statements include:

- *Statements under "Going Concern" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources" as to ongoing operations.*

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and the reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements as there can be no assurances that the assumptions, plans, initiatives or expectations upon which they are based will occur. In addition, forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others: general economic and business conditions; the price of and demand for oil and natural gas and their effect on the economics of oil and gas exploration; fluctuations in currency and interest rates and their effect on projected profitability of the Company's operations; the ability of the Company to implement its business strategy, including exploration and development plans; the impact of competition and in particular the ability of the Company to maintain its land position in a competitive leasing environment; the availability and cost of seismic, drilling, completions and other equipment; the Company's ability to secure adequate transportation and markets for any oil or gas discovered; drilling and operating hazards and other difficulties inherent in the exploration for and production and sale of oil and natural gas; the availability and cost of financing; the success of any exploration and development undertaken; actions by governmental authorities; and, changes in government regulations and the expenditures required to comply with them (including, but not limited to, the changes in taxes or the royalty or other share of production taken by governmental authorities). Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of the Company's assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of risks, uncertainties and other factors is not exhaustive. Unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed could also have material adverse effects on forward-looking statements. The impact of any one factor on a particular forward-looking statement is not determinable with certainty as such factors are dependent on other factors, and the Company's course of action would depend on its assessment of the future considering all information then available. All forward-looking statements in this MD&A are expressly qualified in their *entirety by these cautionary statements. Except as required by law, the Company assumes no obligation to update forward-looking statements should circumstances or management's estimates or opinions change.*

Description of Business

Anterra is engaged in the acquisition, development, optimization and production of crude oil and natural gas in western Canada. The Company is focused on growth through a combination of accretive oil-based acquisitions and the development and optimization of existing and acquired assets.

Going Concern

Continuing weak crude oil prices experienced during the first quarter of 2015 have negatively impacted earnings and cash flow for the period. Additionally, total net costs of $3.3 million associated with two major pipeline failures at the Company's Nipisi property during 2014 have further strained the Company's financial resources.

The foregoing together with associated production disruptions were major contributors to the losses reported for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the first quarter of 2015. As a result the Company has a working capital deficiency of $6.5 million, excluding bank debt of $14.3 million, at March 31, 2015 and is in default under its Credit Facility Agreement and the default may continue throughout 2015.

Lower year end commodity prices also had a negative impact on the value of the Company's oil and natural gas reserves and the borrowing base upon which the Company's credit facility is determined. Although proven plus probable reserves at December 31, 2014, as determined by the Company's independent reserve evaluators, increased over year end 2013 reserves, lower commodity prices resulted in a reduction of their Net Present Value as compared to 2013.

Pursuant to a review by the Company's lender, effective March 9, 2015, the Company's $15 million revolving, operating demand loan credit facility was restructured to include a revolving operating demand loan facility in the maximum amount of $10 million and a non-revolving demand loan facility in the maximum amount of $4.8 million. The non-revolving loan facility was repayable as to $200,000 on acceptance of the facilities agreement and thereafter in monthly principal payments of $200,000.

These conditions create a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt as to the Company's ability to execute on its business strategy and continue as a going concern.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of obligations in the normal course of business. If this assumption is not appropriate, adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and the statement of financial position classifications used in the financial statements may be necessary and such adjustments could be material.

Operations Summary

The significant decline in crude oil prices realized during the first quarter of 2015 as, compared of those in the comparable period in 2014, had a major negative impact on the Company's overall performance for the quarter. Production revenues, excluding the impact of risk management commodity contracts, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 decreased 57% to $2.5 million, from $5.7 million for same period in 2014. The decrease was primarily due to a 51% reduction in realized average commodity prices. For the first quarter of 2014, realized commodity prices averaged $43.72 per boe compared to $88.78 per boe during the first quarter of 2014.

As a result of lower crude oil prices, production from the Company's Two Creek property was shut-in at the beginning of March. The Two Creek B pool produces a lower grade of crude oil which receives a lower price and, when combined with blending charges and trucking costs, results in oil from the B pool being uneconomical to produce. We estimate a break-even price at Two Creek to be approximately US$65.00/ bbl and the pool will be placed back on production once oil prices recover to this level

Production for the three months ended March 31, 2015 decreased 13% to an averaged 622 boe per day, compared to 715 boe per day for the first quarter 2014. Quarter over quarter, Q1 2015 production decreased 10% from Q4 2014 average production of 691 boe/d.

Oil and gas operating and transportation expenses during the first quarter of 2015 decreased to $2.3 million from $2.6 million in 2014 as a result of lower production. On a boe of production basis, operating and transportation cost remained relatively consistent and averaged $40.45/boe for the first quarter of 2015 as compared to $40.78/boe during the first quarter of 2014.

Lower oil and gas revenues resulted in a decrease in royalties and royalty rates. Royalties for the first quarter of 2015 totaled $404,358 (17% of revenue) as compared to $1,268,410 (22% of revenue) for the same period in 2014.

First quarter 2015 third party midstream processing revenues increased 12.6% to $994,438 from $892,909 during the first quarter of 2014 primarily as a result of increased oil emulsion throughput at the Breton facility. Direct midstream operating expenses for three months ended March 31, 2015 decreased over the comparable periods in 2014 due to lower maintenance expenditures. Direct midstream operating expenses totaled $352,040 for the first quarter of 2015 as compared to $401,558 for the comparable period in 2014. As a result of increased revenues and lower operating costs, funds generated by midstream operations (determined as revenues less direct operating expenses), during the first quarter of 2015 increased 31% to $645,568 as compared to $483,097 for the first quarter of 2014.

In addition to the contribution from midstream activities, overall Company operations were positively affected by its risk management commodity contracts which yielded a realized gain of $495,780 during the first quarter of 2015. No risk management contracts were in effect during the first quarter of 2014.

Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operating Activities to Funds Flow from Operations

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	($)	($)
Cash flow from operating activities	**(1,640,293)**	1,854,026
Unrealized gain on risk management contracts	**247,452**	-
Decommissioning expenditures	**16,332**	150,904
Spill clean-up and remediation costs	**111,215**	-
Changes in non-cash working capital	**1,663,720**	(612,367)
Funds flow from operations	**398,426**	1,392,563

Financial and Operating Results

Production, Revenue and Prices

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Production		
Crude oil *(bbls/d)*	**524**	610
Natural gas *(mcf/d)*	**340**	486
NGLs *(bbls/d)*	**41**	24
Total production *(boe/d)*	**622**	715
Total production *(boe)*	**55,993**	64,362
Revenue		
Crude oil *($)*	**2,265,151**	5,285,897
Natural gas *($)*	**96,217**	274,491
NGLs *($)*	**86,644**	153,407
	2,448,012	5,713,795
Realized gain on risk management contracts *($)*	**495,780**	-
Total oil and gas revenue*($)*	**2,943,792**	5,713,795
Royalties *($)*	**404,358**	1,268,410
Operating expenses *($)*	**2,264,691**	2,624,509
Spill clean-up and remediation cost*($)*	**111,215**	-
Net operating revenue *($)*	**163,528**	1,820,876
Average Prices		
Light crude oil *($/bbl)*	**48.03**	96.28
Natural gas *($/mcf)*	**3.14**	6.28
NGLs *($/bbl)*	**23.48**	70.66
	43.72	88.78
Realized gain on risk management contracts *($/boe)*	**8.85**	-
Total *($/boe)*	**52.57**	88.78
Royalties*($/boe)*	**7.22**	19.71
Operating expenses *($/boe)*	**40.45**	40.78
Operating netback *($/boe)*	**4.90**	28.29
Midstream Processing		
Revenue *($)*	**994,438**	888,729
Operating costs *($)*	**348,870**	399,692
Net operating income *($)*	**645,568**	483,037

Production revenues, excluding the impact of risk management commodity contracts, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 decreased 57% to $2.5 million, from $5.7 million for same period in 2014. The decrease was primarily due to 51% reduction in realized average commodity prices. For the first quarter of 2014, realized commodity prices averaged $43.72 per boe compared to $88.78 per boe during the first quarter of 2014.

Derivative commodity contracts entered into in 2014 for risk management purpose partially offset the significant decline in commodity prices. The derivative risk management commodity contracts resulted in a realized gain of $495,780 or $8.85 per boe of production during the first quarter of 2015. No risk management contracts were in effect during the first quarter of 2014.

Royalties

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	($)	*($)*
Crown royalties	**273,288**	1,022,164
Freehold royalties	**18,862**	62,854
Overriding royalties	**112,208**	183,392
Total royalties	**404,358**	1,268,410
Total royalties *($/boe)*	**7.22**	19.71
Percent of revenue *(%)*	**17%**	22%

Total royalties are a combination of royalties paid on Crown lands, royalties paid on freehold lands and gross overriding royalties. Crown royalties under the Alberta Royalty Framework ("ARF") are sensitive to both commodity prices and production levels per well. As a result, royalties and royalty rates will fluctuate with commodity prices and production.

As a result of lower oil and gas revenues and a decrease in royalty rates resulting from lower prices, royalties for the first quarter of 2015 totaled $404,358 (17% of revenue) as compared to $1,268,410 (22% of revenue) for the same period in 2014.

Operating Expenses

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	**2014**
	($)	*($)*
Oil and gas operations	**2,062,158**	**2,381,964**
Transportation	**202,533**	**252,724**
Midstream operations	**348,870**	**401,558**
Inter-company eliminations	**(8,977)**	**(12,045)**
Total operating expenses	**2,604,584**	**3,024,201**
Total operating expenses for oil and gas operation *($/boe)*	**36.83**	**37.01**

Total oil and gas operating and transportation expenses decreased during the first quarter of 2015, from those in the first quarter of 2014, in line with the reduction in production. Oil and gas operating expenses, on a per barrel basis for the first quarter of 2015 remained relatively consistent with those in the first quarter of 2014.

Direct midstream operating expenses for three months ended March 31, 2015 decreased over the comparable period in 2014 due to lower maintenance expenditures. Direct midstream operating expenses totaled $352,040 for the first quarter of 2015 as compared to $401,558 for the comparable period in 2014.

Operating Netback

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	($/boe)	($/boe)
Gross revenue	**43.72**	88.78
Realized gain on risk management contracts	**8.85**	-
Royalty expenses	**(7.22)**	(19.71)
Operating and transportation expenses	**(40.45)**	(40.78)
Operating netback	**4.90**	28.29

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, Anterra realized an operating netback of $4.90/boe as compared to $28.29/boe for the first quarter of 2014. The year-over-year decrease is the result of lower realized commodity prices partially offset by the realized gain on risk management commodity contracts and reduced royalties.

General and Administrative ("G&A") Expenses

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	($)	($)
Personnel costs	**209,557**	269,194
Professional fees	**46,145**	131,676
Computer services and subscriptions	**56,365**	38,060
Investor relationship	**39,745**	26,317
Travel and business entertainment	**21,881**	37,374
Office rent	**61,116**	106,329
General office expenses	**75,823**	132,409
	510,632	741,359
General and Administrative Expenses per Boe	**9.12**	11.52

G&A costs during the first quarter of 2015 decreased 31% over costs during the same period in 2014, mainly as the result of a concerted effort to control costs where possible and the elimination of professional fees resulting from acquisition activities incurred during the first quarter of 2014.

On a boe basis G&A costs for the first quarter 2015 decreased 21% from 2014.

Decommissioning Liability

The Company's decommissioning liability results from its ownership interest in petroleum and natural gas assets including well sites, gathering systems and processing and production facilities, all of which will require future expenditures for decommissioning under existing legislation.

The Company estimates the net present value of its decommissioning obligations using a risk free discount rate in effect at the end of the reporting period. The rate will vary between reporting periods resulting in changes to net present value estimates between periods. . As at March 31 2015, the Company used an interest free rate of 1.71% as compared to a rate of 2.5% at December 31, 2014. This decrease in the discount rate resulted in an increase of $2.7 million to the estimated decommissioning liability at March 31, 2015 with a corresponding increase in the carrying value of the Company's property and equipment.

Net Finance Expenses

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	**2014**
Finance income:	*($)*	*($)*
Interest income on cash on deposit	**(217)**	**(215)**
Financial expenses:		
Interest on bank debt	**128,719**	**110,206**
Interest on debenture	**60,000**	**60,000**
Interest on other liabilities	**70,203**	**-**
Accretion of debenture	**30,326**	**30,327**
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	**96,946**	**145,435**
Total net finance expenses	**385,977**	**345,753**
Total net finance expenses *($/boe)*	**6.89**	**5.38**

Interest on bank debt increased $18,513 for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 due to an increase in bank interest rates and increased borrowings under the Company's credit facilities.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, accretion of decommissioning decreased by $48,489 due to the lower risk-free rate.

Interest on other liabilities is the interest paid to amounts payable to a related party at 10% interest rate per annum.

Depletion and Depreciation ("D&D")

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	($)	*($)*
D&D of oil and gas properties	**920,266**	1,025,878
D&D of plant turnaround costs	**43,869**	-
D&D of midstream facilities and other equipment	**40,193**	21,512
Total D&D	**1,004,328**	1,047,390
Total D&D for oil and gas properties *($/boe)*	**16.44**	15.93

The provision for depletion of property, plant and equipment ("PP&E") is determined on a component basis using the unit-of-production method based on independent estimates of proved producing reserves and is calculated based on the ratio of production of proved plus probable producing reserves applied to the cost of the asset. Depreciation of midstream facilities is calculated on a straight-line method and the useful life is 20 years. Depreciation of other non-resource assets is calculated on a straight-line basis at various rates between 20% and 45%.

Share Based Compensation Expenses

The Company has established a Stock Option Plan that meets with the requirements of the TSX Venture Exchange. Share based payments reflect the amortization over the vesting period of the fair value of stock options granted, to employees, consultants and directors of the Company.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock option plan as at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and changes during the periods ended on those dates is presented below:

	Number of options	**Weighted average exercise price $**
Outstanding at January 1, 2013	19,850,000	0.14
Forfeited	(1,750,000)	0.10
Forfeited	(1,500,000)	0.255
Outstanding at March 31, 2015， December 31, 2014， 2013	16,600,000	0.14

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding and exercisable:

Options Exercisable					
Range of exercise prices	Number outstanding at March 31, 2015	Expiry date	Weighted average exercise price	Number exercisable at March 31, 2015	Weighted average remaining contractual life
$0.10	13,100,000	July 13, 2015	$0.10	13,100,000	0.25 years
$0.255	3,500,000	March 26, 2016	$0.255	3,500,000	0.95 years
$0.10 - $0.255	16,600,000		$0.13	16,600,000	0.45 years

Stock based compensation with a cost of Nil (2014 - $1,752) was expensed during the first quarter of 2015.

Capital Expenditures

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	($)	*($)*
Acquisitions (dispositions)	**-**	-
Geological and geophysical	**48,534**	50,172
Midstream facility	**69,103**	43,670
Equipment, completions and other	**31,180**	651,699
Total capital expenditures	**148,817**	745,541
Capital expenditures are composed of:		
PP&E	**148,817**	745,541
Exploration and evaluation assets	**-**	-
	148,817	745,541

Financial Instruments

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that arise as a result of its exploration, development, operating and financial activities. The Company's financial risks are consistent with those discussed in December 31, 2014 financial statements.

The Company has entered into commodity price contracts, as outlined below, to mitigate a degree of its exposure to commodity price risk and provide a degree of stability to operating cash flows which enable the Company to fund a portion of its capital program. Additionally the Company has entered into two fixed price power contacts also outlined below,

Such contracts are not used for trading or speculative purposes. The Company has not designated the financial derivative contracts as effective accounting hedges although the Company considers them to be an effective economic hedge. As a result, the contracts are recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position, with changes in fair value being recognized as an unrealized gain or loss on the statement of operations.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are required to be classified in accordance with a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The risk management contracts are valued using level 2 inputs which are based on quoted forward prices that can be substantially observed or corroborated in the market place.

Commodity price contracts

Remaining term	Contract Type	Quantity Contracted	Price Floor	Price Ceiling
Apr. 1 to May 31 2015	Crude Oil – collar	150 bbls per day	$97.00 / bbl	$112.00 /bbl
June 1 to Dec 31, 2015	Crude Oil collar	200 bbls per day	$65.00 / bbl	$ 76.00 / bbl

Power price contracts

Remaining term	Contract Type	Volume	Price
Apr. 2015 – December 2015	Fixed price	0.2 MW	$52.99/MWh
Apr. 2015 – June 2017	Fixed price	1.5 MW	$55.25/MWh

At March 31, 2015, the foregoing derivative contracts were recorded at fair value on the statement of financial positon as an asset valued at $469,563 and an unrealized gain of $247,452 and realized gain of $495,780 were recognized in relation to the contracts

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company evaluates its ability to carry on business on a regular basis with key considerations being given to the non-GAAP measures net debt and funds flow from operations. Funds flow from operations represents cash flow generated from operating activities adjusted for expenditures of a non-operational or non-recurring nature including decommissioning activities, transaction costs, spill clean-up and remediation costs and changes in non-cash operating working capital. Funds flow from operations is a key indicator of the Company's ability to meet its current obligations and execute on its planned capital programs. The determination of funds flow from operations is presented on page 3 of the MD&A. Net debt is defined as bank indebtedness plus trade and other payables less accounts receivable and deposits and prepaid expenses. Net debt and changes in net debt is summarized below:

	2015	2014
Net debt, January 1	**$24,919,498**	$ 17,685,841
Funds flow from operations	**(398,426)**	(1,392,563)
Capital expenditures	**148,817**	745,541
Decommissioning expenditures	**16,332**	150,904
Spill clean-up and remediation costs	**111,215**	-
Net debt, March 31	**$24,797,436**	$17,189,723
Net debt to annualized funds flow	**15.6**	3.2

The Company considers the ratio of net debt to annualized funds flow to be a key measure of liquidity and the management of capital resources. For the three month ended March 31, 2015 the annualized net debt to funds flow ratio was 15.6 to 1 as compared to 3.2 to 1 at March 31, 2014. The deterioration in the net debt to funds flow ratio from that at March 31, 2014, reflects the impact of reduced commodity prices on funds flow from operations.

At current commodity prices, funds flow from operations will not be sufficient for the Company to execute on its business plan. In addition, the Company is in default under its credit facilities and is required to reduce the amounts outstanding by $200,000 per month. The Company is looking to raise additional capital through the disposition of non-core assets and is exploring the availability of additional equity capital. The Company has curtailed planned capital expenditures until its financial position stabilizes. Please see the discussion under "Going Concern" in this MD&A and Note 3 to the financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2015 for additional information.

Credit Facility

As at March 9, 2015 the Company's authorized $15 million revolving, operating demand loan credit facility was restructured to include a revolving operating demand loan facility in the maximum amount of $10 million and a non-revolving demand loan facility in the maximum amount of $4.4 million. The revolving facility bears interest at the bank prime plus 1.25% (December 31, 2014 - prime rate plus 1.00%), with an effective rate at March 31, 2015 of 4.10% (March 31, 2014 – 3.75%). The non-revolving facility bears interest at the bank prime rate plus 3% with an effective rate as at March 31, 2015 of 5.85% and is repayable in monthly principal payments of $200,000. The facilities are secured by a first floating charge debenture in the amount of $35 million over all assets of the Company.

Under its Credit Facility Agreement, the Company is required to maintain an adjusted working capital ratio, after adding the unused portion of the revolving demand loan facility and excluding outstanding debt under the facility, of not less than 1:1. As at March 31, 2015 the adjusted working capital ratio was 1 to 0.37 and the Company is in default under the Agreement and the default may continue throughout 2015.

6% Convertible Debenture

In connection with the acquisition of Terrex, the Company and Terrex entered into a settlement agreement with Sandstorm Metals and Energy Ltd. ("Sandstorm"). On March 14, 2013, as part of this settlement, the Company issued a five year, 6% convertible redeemable debenture in the principal amount of $4,000,000 to Sandstorm.

Outstanding Securities

	May 28, 2015	March 31, 2015
Class A common shares outstanding	496,871,120	496,871,120
Stock options outstanding	16,600,000	16,600,000
Class A common shares issuable on convertible Debenture outstanding	40,000,000	40,000,000
Class A common shares issuable on warrants outstanding	1,614,000	2,614,000

Stock options issued pursuant to the Company's stock option plan have a weighted average exercise price of $0.13 per share and expire at varying times to March 26, 2016. The debenture is convertible to Class A common shares at a conversion price of $0.10 per share until March 14, 2018. The warrants are exercisable at prices ranging from $0.10 to $0.60 and expire at varying times to August 21, 2015.

Sources and (uses) of cash

Sources and (uses) of cash for the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 are summarized below:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	($)	*($)*
Cash – beginning of period	**-**	-
Funds flow from operations	**398,426**	1,392,563
Decommissioning liabilities	**(16,332)**	(150,904)
Unrealized gain on financial derivatives	**(247,452)**	-
Spill clean-up and remediation cost	**(111,215)**	-
Change in non-cash working capital	**(1,661,918)**	910,089
Advances from (repayment) of bank debt	**1,787,308**	(1,406,207)
Capital expenditures		
PP&E	**(148,817)**	(745,541)
Exploration and evaluation	**-**	-
Cash – end of period	**-**	-

Income taxes

The Company has non-capital losses for income tax purposes totaling approximately $37.9 million. The losses expire between 2023 and 2034. The related tax benefits have only been recognized to the extent they offset taxable temporary differences.

Related Party Transactions

The Company has entered into the following transactions with related parties:

a) LandOcean Energy Services Co., Ltd. (“LandOcean”) and Western Union Petro (Canada) Technology Co., Ltd. (“Western Union”), a wholly owned subsidiary of LandOcean.
LandOcean currently holds approximately 21.7% of the issued and outstanding Class A common shares of Anterra through its subsidiary, LandOcean Resources Investment Canada Co., Ltd. LandOcean has been tasked with (1) assessing the potential of the Company’s oil and gas properties and preparing development plans for the properties; and (2) providing assistance to the Company’s management in executing such plans. Specific projects, as summarized below, undertaken by LandOcean and Western Union are approved by the independent directors of the Company prior to the commencement of the project. The Company’s management monitors and manages the work, and tracks all expenses against a budget approved by the directors for the project.

i) On April 8, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement (“the Agreement”) with LandOcean whereby LandOcean will provide Anterra with long-term technical consulting services including integrated reservoir studies, exploitation evaluations and production planning for existing properties and acquisition projects through to the end of 2014. Pursuant to the Agreement, LandOcean will earn total compensation of $1,949,600 for technical services of which $976,880 has been earned to December 31, 2014. The Company charges technical costs incurred under the Agreement to petroleum and natural gas properties. Additionally, under the terms of the Agreement, $50,000 for travel, communication and management costs, were paid and expensed during 2013. At December 31, 2015, $392,000 was payable to LandOcean in relation to the Agreement.

ii) During 2014, the Company engaged Western Union, to complete various field projects including the initial stage of a water-flood project at Strathmore, Alberta. During the year total costs of $3,584,962 related to the various projects were incurred of which $2,808,105 remains payable at March 31, 2015, see Note 9.

No work additional to that completed during 2014 is ongoing or anticipated with the above related entities.

(b.) During the three months ended March 31, 2015, a consulting company, to which an officer of Anterra is related, charged the Company $25,314 (2014 - $19,290) for consulting services. At March 31, 2015, $8,438 was payable in relation to services provided.

(c.) During the three months ended March 31, 2015, a consulting company, to which a director of Anterra is related, charged the Company $4,200 (2014 - $12,600) for management and advisory services.

Risk Factors

The Company is exposed to market risks and operational risks. For a detailed discussion of these risks, readers should refer to the Risk Factors of the Company’s Management Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2014, available at www.sedar.com.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements

Changes in Accounting Policy

Accounting standards issued but not yet applied

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, replaces IAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement” and addressed the classification and measurement of financial instruments. On April 28, 2015, the IASB deferred the effective date by one year to January 1, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 9 on its financial statements.

IFRS 15, Revenue From Contracts With Customers, provides clarification for recognizing revenue from contracts with customer and establishes a single revenue recognition and measurement framework that applies to contracts with customers. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 15 on its financial statements.

On December 18, 2014 the IASB issued amendment to IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements", effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016 with early adoption permitted. These amendments, intended to improve financial statement disclosures, will not require significant changes to the Company's current practices and will be adopted for the annual period beginning on January 1, 2016.

Supplemental Quarterly Information

Three months ended	**Mar. 31, 2015**	Dec. 31, 2014	Sep. 30, 2014	Jun. 30, 2014
		($)	*($)*	*($)*
Gross revenue	**3,433,473**	5,079,352	5,504,798	6,598,726
Net income (loss)	**(1,380,155)**	(13,734,171)	(2,354,633)	(132,443)
Per share – basic	**(0.003)**	(0.03)	(0.005)	(0.000)
Per share – diluted	**(0.003)**	(0.03)	(0.005)	(0.000)
Funds flow from operations [1]	**443,288**	716,278	62,272	1,105,934
Per share – basic	**0.001**	0.001	0.0002	0.0002
Per share – diluted	**0.001**	0.001	0.0002	0.0002
Capital expenditures	**148,817**	3,022,268	2,283,374	896,057
Total assets	**70,561,327**	68,892,877	77,656,209	76,361,804
Working capital (deficiency)	**(20,797,436)**	(18,111,393)	(16,829,510)	(13,198,433)
Shareholders' equity	**16,252,644**	17,632,799	31,366,970	33,717,995
Production				
Light crude oil *(bbls/d)*	**524**	581	515	585
NGLs *(bbls/d)*	**340**	434	341	397
Natural gas *(mcf/d)*	**41**	38	25	27
Total *(boe/d)*	**622**	691	598	679
Total (boe)	**55,993**	63,555	54,943	61,775

Three months ended	Mar. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013	Sep. 30, 2013	Jun 30, 2013
Gross revenue	6,596,524	3,238,654	3,509,081	3,139,512
Net income (loss)	167,659	(6,284,168)	(584,159)	(1,162,443)
Per share – basic	0.000	(0.01)	(0.001)	(0.003)
Per share – diluted	0.000	(0.01)	(0.001)	(0.003)
Funds flow from operations	1,392,653	132,966	226,689	(288,799)
Per share – basic	0.0002	0.001	0.001	(0.001)
Per share – diluted	0.0002	0.001	0.001	(0.001)
Capital expenditures	745,541	12,825,654	1,397,504	1,052,414
Total assets	77,067,630	76,869,554	58,716,438	58,298,059
Working capital (deficiency)	(13,189,723)	(13,685,841)	(958,148)	(6,407,002)
Shareholders' equity	33,854,036	33,684,625	39,945,832	34,222,795
Production				
Light crude oil *(bbls/d)*	610	298	283	290
NGLs *(bbls/d)*	24	15	14	16
Natural gas *(mcf/d)*	486	547	652	726
Total *(boe/d)*	715	405	403	427
Total *(boe)*	64,362	37,221	37,327	38,853

(1) Funds flow from operations and funds flow from operations per share are not recognized measures under International Financial Reporting Standards. Refer to the Non-IFRS measures for further discussion.

(2) The selected quarterly information has been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles as contained in the notes to the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

Factors That Have Caused Variations over the Quarters

The fluctuation in Anterra's revenue and net earnings from quarter to quarter are primarily caused by changes in production volumes, realized commodity prices and the related impact on royalties, and realized and unrealized gains or losses on derivative instruments. The increase in production from the last quarter of 2013 through the current quarter is primarily due to the acquisition of the Nipisi property in December of 2013. Please refer to the Financial and Operating section and other sections of this MD&A for detailed discussions on variations during the comparative quarters and to Anterra's previously issued interim and annual MD&A for changes in prior quarter.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.anterraenergy.com.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Directors

Gary Chang;	Vancouver BC Canada	(2)
Ross O. Drysdale;	Calgary AB Canada	(1)
Gang Fang;	Calgary AB Canada	(2)
Hong Lei;	Beijing P.R. China	
Owen C. Pinnell;	Calgary AB Canada	(1) (3)
Zhen Xiang Huo;	Beijing P.R. China	(3)
Juan Wang	Beijing P.R. China	
Chengfeng Tang	Beijing P.R. China	(1) (2)
Guangzhen Song	Beijing P.R. China	

Notes: (1) Member of the Audit and Reserves Committee
(2) Member of the Environment and Safety Committee
(3) Member of the Compensation and Governance Committee.

Officers

Gang Fang	– Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Bob D. McCuaig	–Vice President
Norman G. Knecht	– VP Finance and Chief Financial Officer

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Computershare Trust Company of Canada

Stock Exchange
TSXV Venture Exchange
Trading Symbol: AE.A

Auditors
KPMG LLP

Bankers
Canadian Western Bank

Legal Counsel
Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP

Securities fillings
www.sedar.com
Information request and other investor relations inquiries can be directed to investor info@anterraenergy.com or by telephone at (403) 215 0860. Additional corporation information can be obtained through Anterra's website at www.anterraenergy.com.